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 - Frequency
- Digital Oil Field: PO Enabler
 - What, Major Components
 - Progression to Integrated Asset Management
 - KOC Case study
- Results achieved from Production Optimization



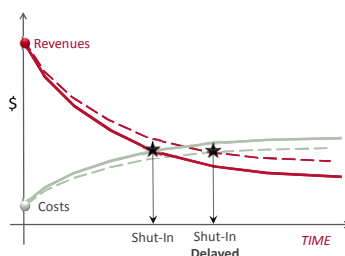
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What is Production Optimization?

The process of managing the production decline curve of assets to maximize profits over time.

- Maximizing oil production over the life of the well
- Reducing downtime
- Minimizing operating costs
- Improving HSE



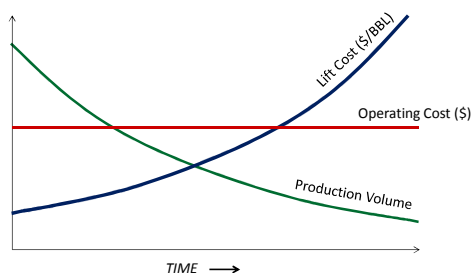
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Why Optimize?

If operating costs are constant over the life of the well, as production declines what will be the effect on lift cost *per barrel*?

$$\text{Lift Cost} = \frac{\text{Op Cost (\$)}}{\text{Production (BBL)}}$$



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Why Optimize?

Lift Cost = $\frac{\text{Op Cost (\$)}}{\text{Production (BBL)}}$

If lift volumes remain constant as production volumes decline:

- Wells pump off (run dry) causing equipment damage, downtime, and lost production. (\$↑)
- Energy costs are higher than needed. (\$↑)
- Excessive pressure draw-down can cause formation damage. (\$↑)
- Excessive pressure draw-down can cause water coning. (\$↑)
- Unnecessary wear on equipment. (\$↑)
- Unnecessary exposure of personnel to operating equipment. (@\$↑)

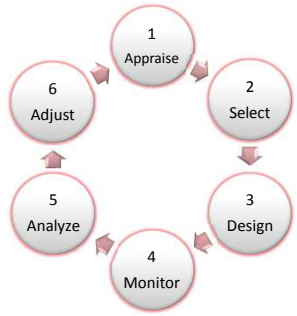
∴ If lift volumes are not managed as production declines the well may become uneconomic sooner.



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Production Optimization (PO) Process

How?



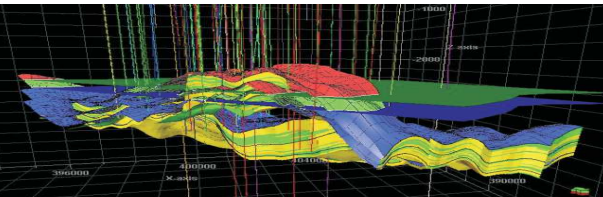


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PO Process Step 1: Appraise

1. Appraise

- Understand/predict reservoir potential performance.
- Understand production constraints
- Establish target production levels and conditions.





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PO Process Step 2: Select

2. Select

- Eliminate technically infeasible lift technologies.
 - Required performance
 - Support infrastructure (power, skill base, etc.)

	Gas Lift	Foam Lift	Plunger	Rod Lift	PCP	ESP	Hyd Jet	Hyd Piston
Max Depth	18,000 ft 5,486 m	22,000 ft 6,705 m	19,000 ft 5,791 m	16,000 ft 4,878 m	8,700 ft 2,652 m	15,000 ft 4,572 m	20,000 ft 6,100 m	17,000 ft 5,182 m
Max Volume	75,000 bpd 12,000 M ³ /D	500 bpd 80 M ³ /D	200 bpd 32 M ³ /D	6,000 bpd 950 M ³ /D	5,000 bpd 790 M ³ /D	60,000 bpd 9,500 M ³ /D	35,000 bpd 5,560 M ³ /D	3,000 bpd 470 M ³ /D
Max Temp	450°F 232°C	400°F 204°C	550°F 288°C	550°F 288°C	390°F 149°C	482°F 250°C	550°F 288°C	550°F 288°C
Corrosion Handling	Good to excellent	Excellent	Excellent	Good to Excellent	Fair	Good	Excellent	Good
Gas Handling	Excellent	Excellent	Excellent	Fair to good	Good	Fair	Good	Fair
Solids Handling	Good	Good	Fair	Fair to good	Excellent	sand-40ppm	Good	Fair
Fluid Gravity ("API)	>15°	>8°	>15°	>8°	8°-API-40°	Viscosity <400 cp	≥6°	>8°
Servicing	Wireline or workover rig	Capillary unit	Wellhead catcher or wireline	Workover or pulling rig	Wireline or workover rig		Hydraulic or wireline	
Prime Mover	Compressor	Well natural energy		Gas or electric	Electric		Gas or electric	
Offshore	Excellent	Good	N/A	Limited	Limited	Excellent	Excellent	Good
System Efficiency	10% to 30%	N/A	N/A	45% to 70%	50% to 75%	35% to 60%	10% to 30%	45% to 55%

PO Process Step 2: Select

2. Select

- Eliminate technically infeasible lift technologies.
 - Required performance
 - Support infrastructure (power, skill base, etc.)
- Economic evaluation
 - Cost of acquisition, installation, & training
 - Operating cost
 - Reliability
 - Repair/replacement
 - Residual value

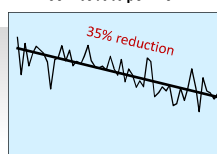


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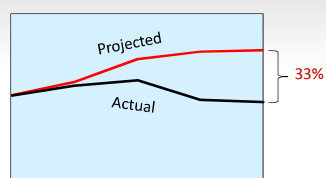
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Focus on Reliability = Lasting Value

Service Jobs per Well



Total Service Cost



Savings = \$9.6 million/yr



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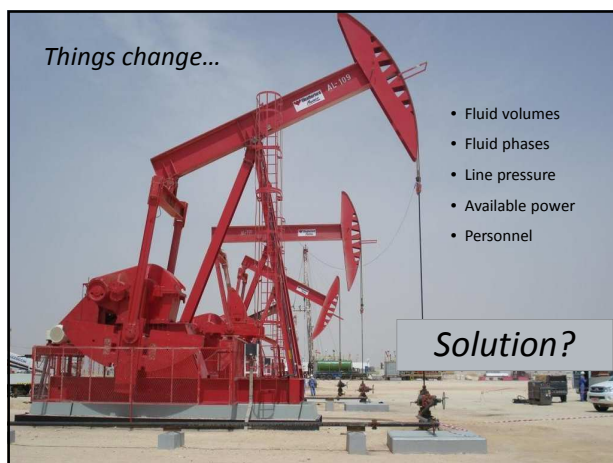
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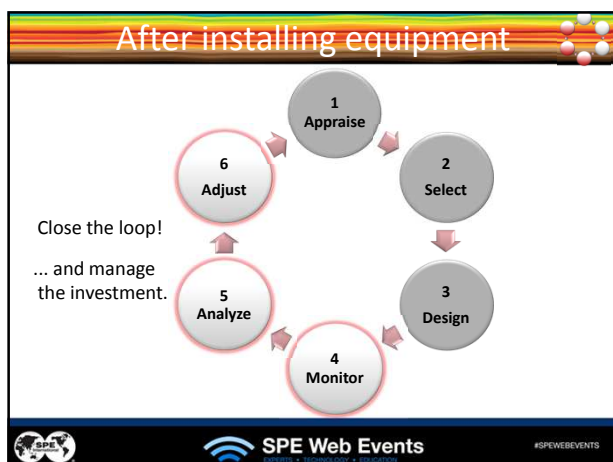
PO Process Step 3: Design

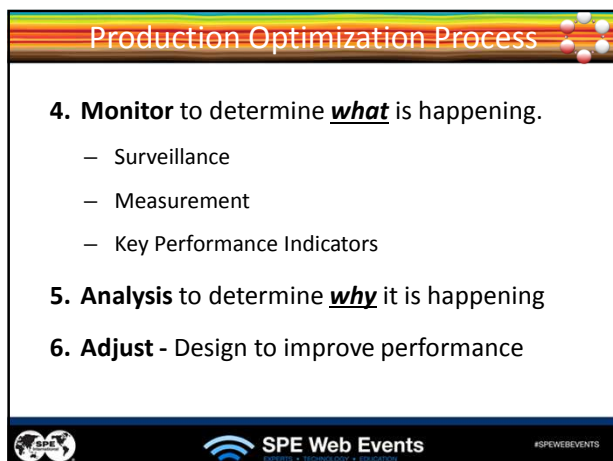
3. Design

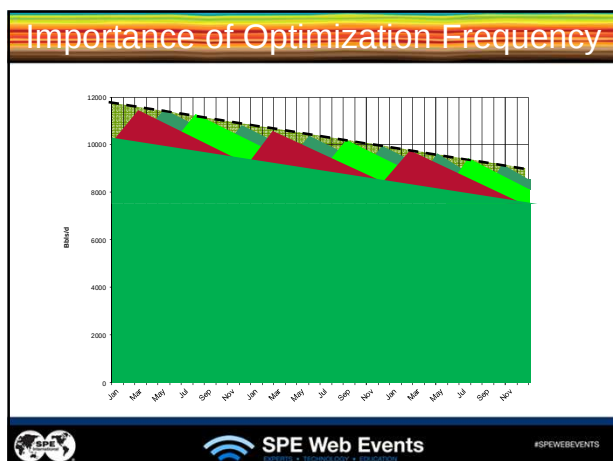
Lift Technology	Software
Reciprocating Rod Lift	Rod Star, SROD, XROD, QROD, others, WFT csBeamDesign , LOWIS
PC Pump	CFER PC Pump, WellFlo , WFT proprietary
Gas-Lift	Prosper, Pipesim, Well Evaluation Model (WEM), VALCAL, Valve Performance Clearinghouse (VPC), Dynalift , WellFlo , i-DO , LOWIS
Hydraulic Lift	Guiberson Piston Pump, SNAP, JEMS , WellFlo*
ESP	SubPUMP, WEM, supplier proprietary, Borets-WFT proprietary , WellFlo
Capillary/Plunger Lift	WEM, WFT proprietary , WellFlo





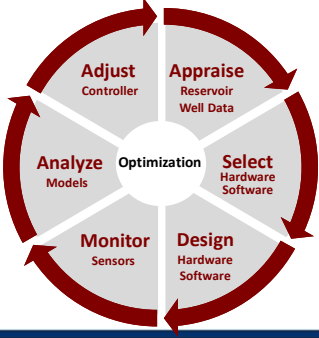






Artificial-Lift Optimization

- Complex cycle
 - Multiple steps
 - Interconnectivity, seamless communication between different components
 - Subject matter experts (SMEs)



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eField, iField, Fields of Future....

DIGITAL OIL FIELD

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Digital Oilfield (DOF)

- What is Digital Oilfield?
 - Evolution and convergence of digital control techniques coupled with standardized communication overlaid with analytics
 - Simple explanation:
 - Can I capture my data remotely?
 - How do I convert captured data into actionable information?
 - Process it and analyze it in order to
 - » Diagnose problems remotely w/o sending my people out
 - » Prevent problems/failures from occurring
 - » Predict performance &
 - » Optimize
 - Make it a sustainable & repeatable process

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Digital Oilfield

- Objectives
 - Faster and better decision making through the availability of accurate data, distributed to the right people at the right time in the right environment
 - Streamline of current operations through use of latest technology, well-defined processes and appropriate people interactions
 - Increased production at a reduced financial cost



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Major Components

- Field instrumentation and automation at the well head
- Remote monitoring and control of field instruments
- Software modeling of wells, surface network, production plant
- Integration with other software systems for completion data, well test data, reservoir data, etc.
- Optimization software for artificial lift solutions
- Collaborative Environments



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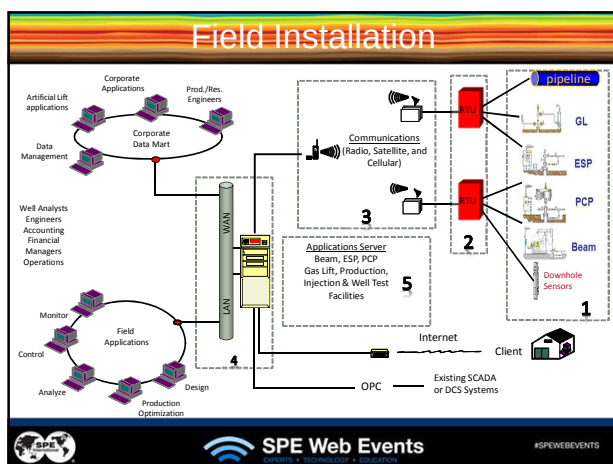
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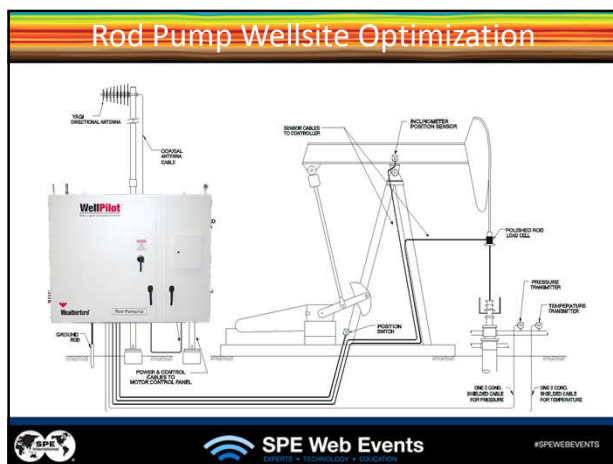
DOF: Step-by-step Progression

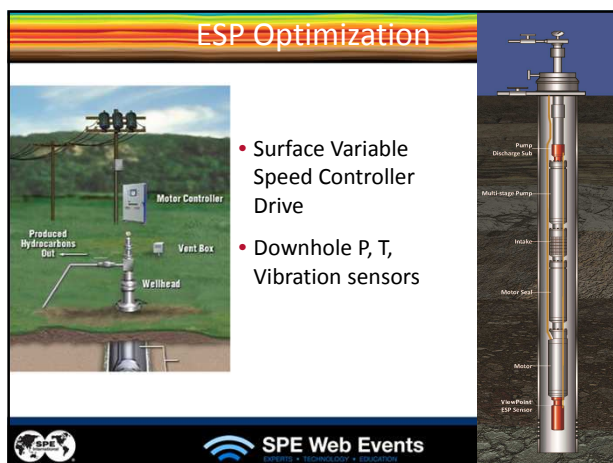


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Gas-Lift Wellsite Equipment

- Adjustable choke valve; Time Cycle controller and/or choke valve
- Gas Rate controller
- Downhole Distributed Temperature Sensing (DTS)

Gas-Lift Wellsite & Field Controls

PCP Lift Optimization with Downhole Gauges for multiple wells

Modbus Address	Number
1	1
2	2
3	3
4	4
5	5
6	6
7	7
8	8
9	9
10	10
11	11
12	12
13	13
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41	41
42	42
43	43
44	44
45	45

Plunger Lift Wellsite Optimization

1. Lubricator
2. Solar Panel
3. Motor Valve
4. Drip Pot / Regulator
5. Latching Valve
6. Auto Catcher
7. Arrival Sensor
8. F-15 Controller
9. Sensor Wiring
10. 1/4" Control Line
11. Casing Pressure Sensor

Murphy Switch, Drip Pot Regulator, Pilot Regulator, Motor Valve

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Electronic Gas Flow Measurement

Remote Terminal Unit (RTU) or Electronic Flow Meter (EFM)

Multi-Variable Transmitter (MTT)

3-Valve Manifold

Primary Meter and Orifice

ORIFICE FITTING

SADDLE

METER RUN

RTU PROBE

TEMPERATURE PROBE

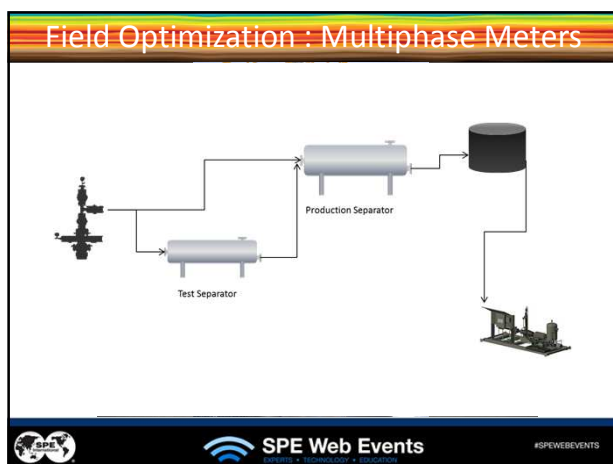
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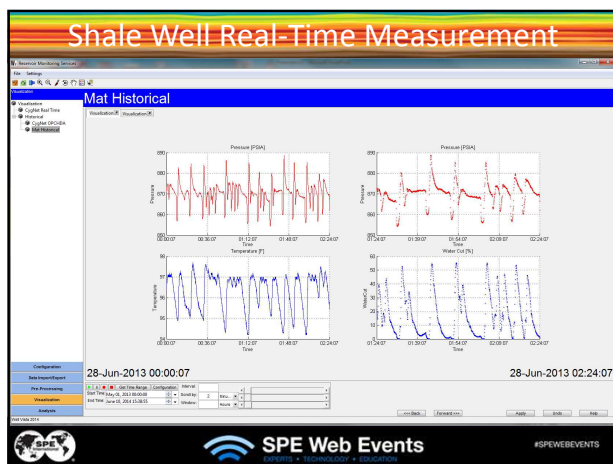
Field Optimization : Multiphase Meters

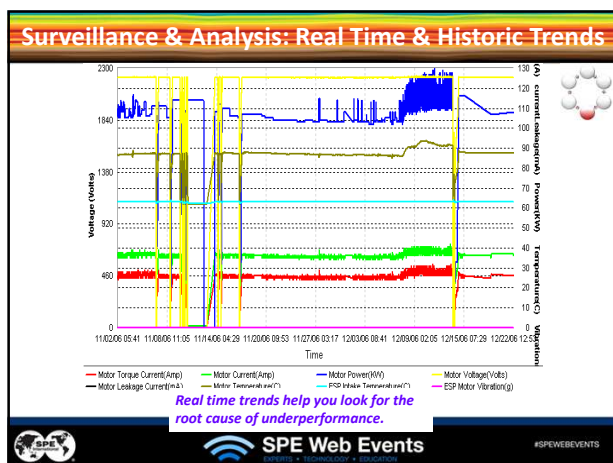
Replace this...

...with this

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Surveillance, Analysis & Optimization

Identify problems and underperforming wells

Analog alarms for the well in focus. Analog alarms are based on limits

Intelligent alarms for the well in focus. Intelligent alarms are based on algorithms

Well Group Status displays wells in the field and their status.

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Integrated Field Management - Operations

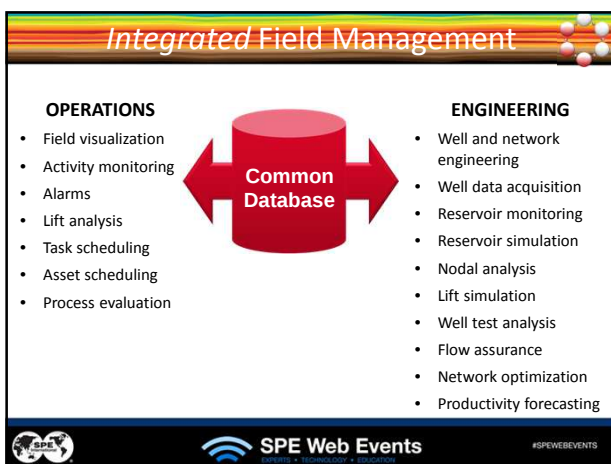
- Alarms
- Activity monitoring
- Task scheduling
- Lift analysis
- Field visualization
- Process evaluation
- Asset scheduling

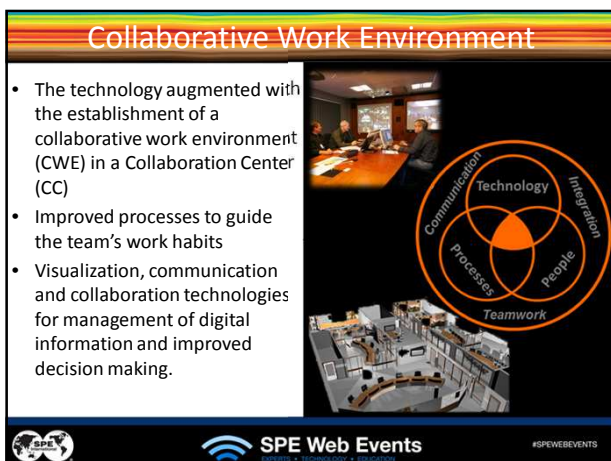
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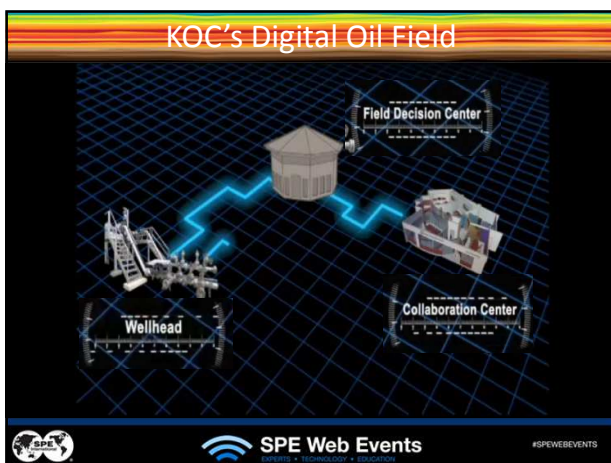
Integrated Field Management - Engineering

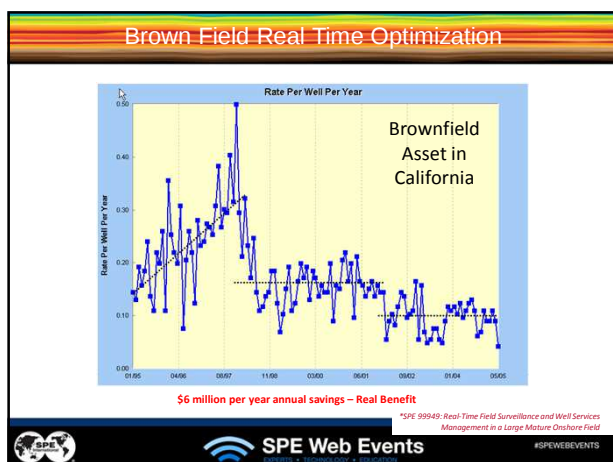
- Well and network engineering
- Well data acquisition
- Reservoir monitoring
- Reservoir simulation
- Nodal analysis
- Lift simulation
- Well test analysis
- Flow assurance
- Network optimization
- Productivity forecasting

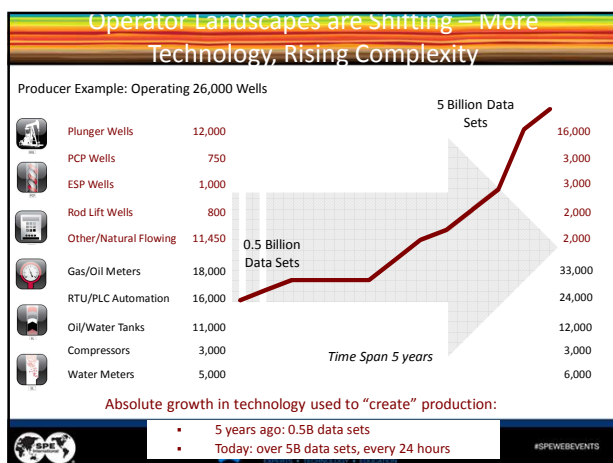
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Digital Oil Field benefits

- “... Industry results to date suggest big prizes await the winners of this race: up to 25 percent in operating cost savings, up to 8 percent higher production rates, 2 to 4 percent lower project costs, and as much as 6 percent improved resource recovery within the first full year of deployment, according to IHS-CERA, which tracks projects at a dozen companies, including Chevron.”¹
- “Some of Valhall wells have increased production by more than one and a half million barrels of oil equivalent per year because of Field of the Future® technology”²
- “For example, in its “smart fields” projects, Shell has experienced a 10% sustained improvement in production, 5-10% increase in recovery, as much as a 20% reduction in operating costs, and as high as a 75% reduction in workflow cycle times in its core processes.”³

Sources

- IHS-CERA as quoted in Chevron’s Next magazine: (<http://www.chevron.com/next/digitizingoilfields/>)
- BP’s Field of the Future: (<http://www.bp.com/en/global/corporate/about-bp/bp-and-technology/more-recovery/real-time-data-and-decisions/field-of-the-future.html>)
- Unearthing the potential of digital oilfield technology – Deloitte report ([http://www.deloitte.com/assets/Dcom-UnitedKingdom/Local%20Assets/Documents/UK_EIU_drillingDeep_jan06\(1\).pdf](http://www.deloitte.com/assets/Dcom-UnitedKingdom/Local%20Assets/Documents/UK_EIU_drillingDeep_jan06(1).pdf))

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