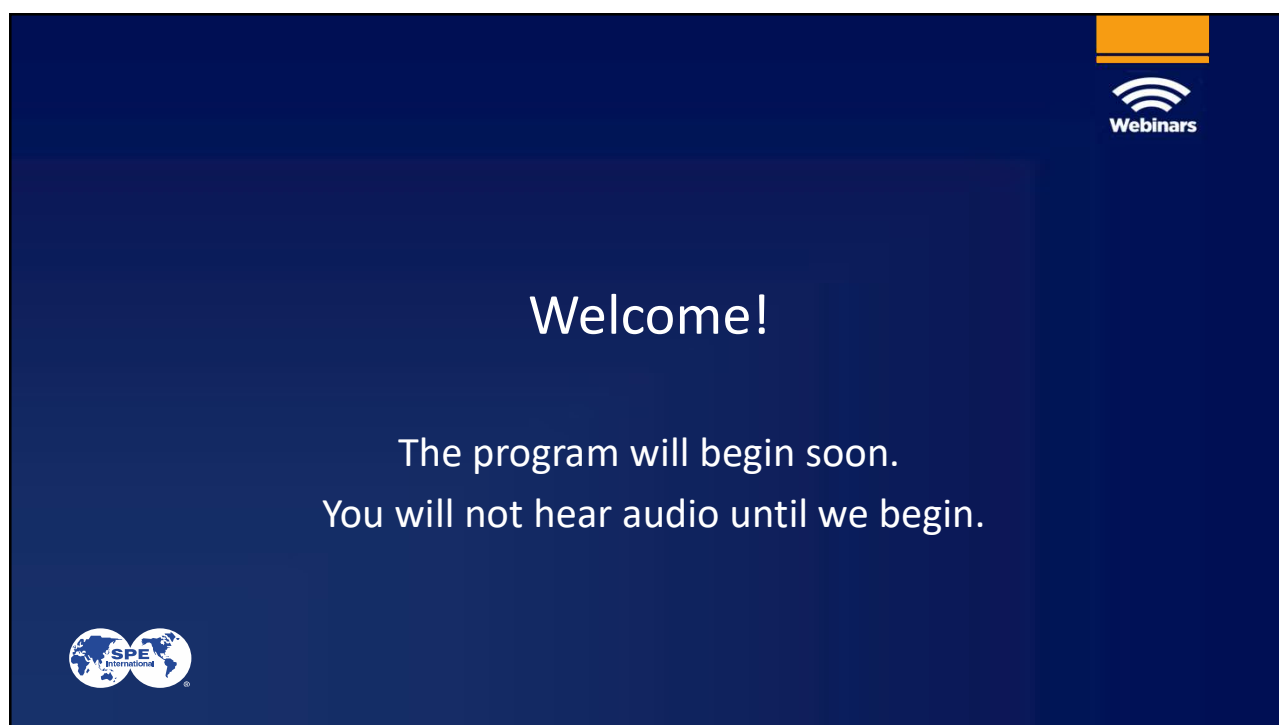




A dark blue rectangular slide with a lighter blue rectangular area in the center. In the top right corner, there is an orange square above a white Wi-Fi symbol and the word "Webinars". In the bottom left corner, there is a logo for SPE International, which consists of two globes and the text "SPE International".

Welcome!

The program will begin soon.
You will not hear audio until we begin.



Gorgon Carbon Capture and Storage

Insights and lessons learned

David Fallon and Robert Root
June 22, 2023







Cautionary statement

CAUTIONARY STATEMENTS RELEVANT TO FORWARD-LOOKING INFORMATION FOR THE PURPOSE OF "SAFE HARBOR" PROVISIONS OF THE PRIVATE SECURITIES LITIGATION REFORM ACT OF 1995

This presentation contains forward-looking statements relating to Chevron's operations and energy transition plans that are based on management's current expectations, estimates and projections about the petroleum, chemicals and other energy-related industries. Words or phrases such as "anticipates," "expects," "intends," "plans," "targets," "advances," "commits," "drives," "aims," "forecasts," "projects," "believes," "approaches," "seeks," "schedules," "estimates," "positions," "pursues," "may," "can," "could," "should," "will," "budgets," "outlook," "trends," "guidance," "focus," "on track," "goals," "objectives," "strategies," "opportunities," "poised," "potential," "ambitions," "aspires" and similar expressions are intended to identify such forward-looking statements. These statements are not guarantees of future performance and are subject to certain risks, uncertainties and other factors, many of which are beyond the company's control and are difficult to predict. Therefore, actual outcomes and results may differ materially from what is expressed or forecasted in such forward-looking statements. The reader should not place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date of this presentation. Unless legally required, Chevron undertakes no obligation to update publicly any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

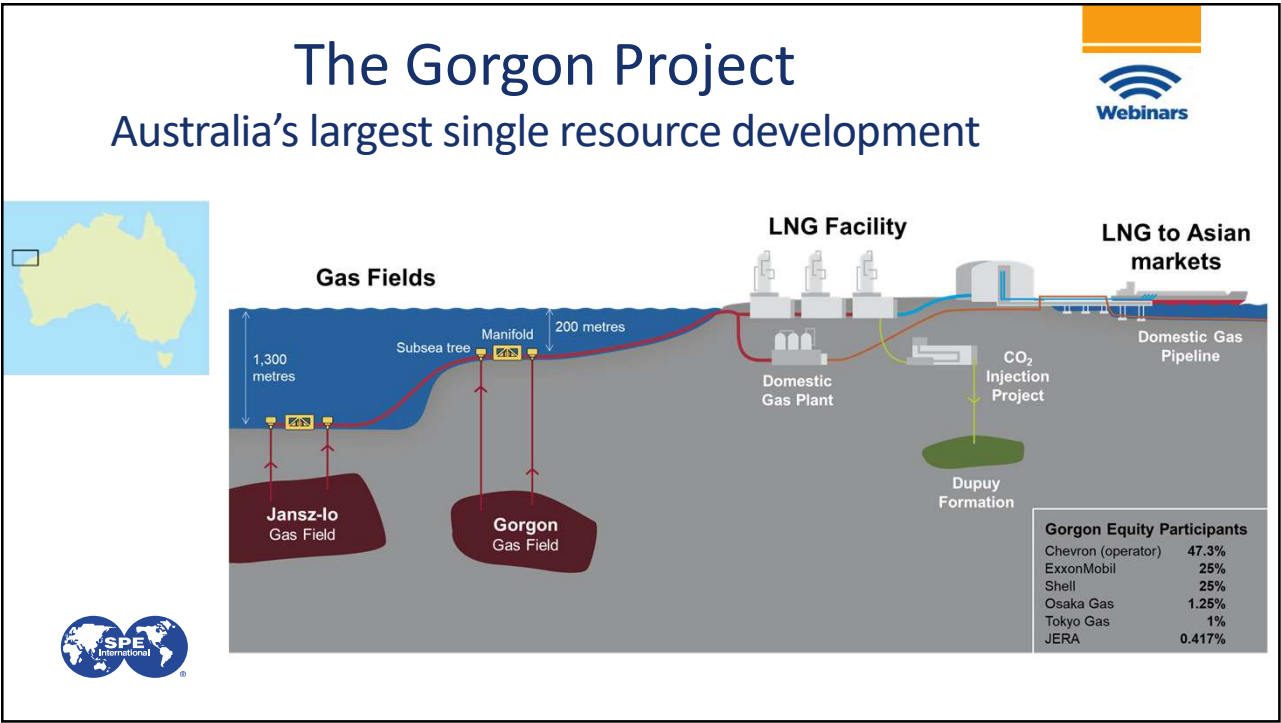
Among the important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those in the forward-looking statements are: changing crude oil and natural gas prices and demand for the company's products, and production curtailments due to market conditions; crude oil production quotas or other actions that might be imposed by the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries and other producing countries; technological advancements; changes to government policies in the countries in which the company operates; public health crises, such as pandemics (including coronavirus (COVID-19)) and epidemics, and any related government policies and actions; disruptions in the company's global supply chain, including supply chain constraints and escalation of the cost of goods and services; changing economic, regulatory and political environments in the various countries in which the company operates; general domestic and international economic, market and political conditions, including the military conflict between Russia and Ukraine and the global response to such conflict; changing refining, marketing and chemicals margins; actions of competitors or regulators; timing of exploration expenses; timing of crude oil liftings; the competitiveness of alternate-energy sources or product substitutes; development of large carbon capture and offset markets; the results of operations and financial condition of the company's suppliers, vendors, partners and equity affiliates, particularly during the COVID-19 pandemic; the inability or failure of the company's joint-venture partners to fund their share of operations and development activities; the potential failure to achieve expected net production from existing and future crude oil and natural gas development projects; potential delays in the development, construction or start-up of planned projects; the potential disruption or interruption of the company's operations due to war, accidents, political events, civil unrest, severe weather, cyber threats, terrorist acts, or other natural or human causes beyond the company's control; the potential liability for remedial actions or assessments under existing or future environmental regulations and litigation; significant operational, investment or product changes undertaken or required by existing or future environmental statutes and regulations, including international agreements and national or regional legislation and regulatory measures to limit or reduce greenhouse gas emissions; the potential liability resulting from pending or future litigation; the company's future acquisitions or dispositions of assets or shares or the delay or failure of such transactions to close based on required closing conditions; the potential for gains and losses from asset dispositions or impairments; government mandated sales, divestitures, recapitalizations, taxes and tax audits, tariffs, sanctions, changes in fiscal terms or restrictions on scope of company operations; foreign currency movements compared with the U.S. dollar; material reductions in corporate liquidity and access to debt markets; the receipt of required Board authorizations to implement capital allocation strategies, including future stock repurchase programs and dividend payments; the effects of changed accounting rules under generally accepted accounting principles promulgated by rule-setting bodies; the company's ability to identify and mitigate the risks and hazards inherent in operating in the global energy industry; and the factors set forth under the heading "Risk Factors" on pages 20 through 25 of the company's 2021 Annual Report on Form 10-K and in subsequent filings with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission. Other unpredictable or unknown factors not discussed in this presentation could also have material adverse effects on forward-looking statements.

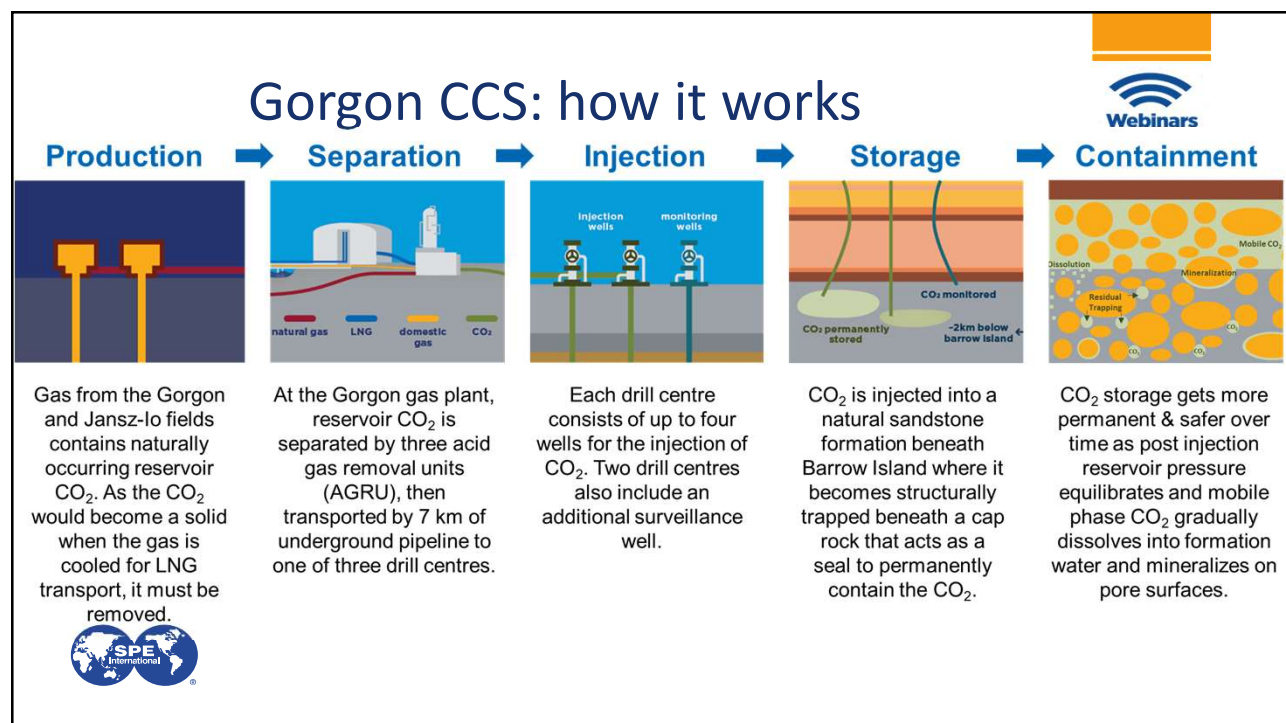
As used in this presentation, the term "Chevron" and such terms as "the company," "the corporation," "our," "we," "us" and "its" may refer to Chevron Corporation, one or more of its consolidated subsidiaries, or to all of them taken as a whole. All of these terms are used for convenience only and are not intended as a precise description of any of the separate companies, each of which manages its own affairs.

Terms such as "resources" may be used in this presentation to describe certain aspects of Chevron's portfolio and oil and gas properties beyond the proved reserves. For definitions of, and further information regarding, this and other terms, see the "Glossary of Energy and Financial Terms" on pages 24 through 25 of Chevron's 2021 Supplement to the Annual Report available at [chevron.com](https://www.chevron.com).

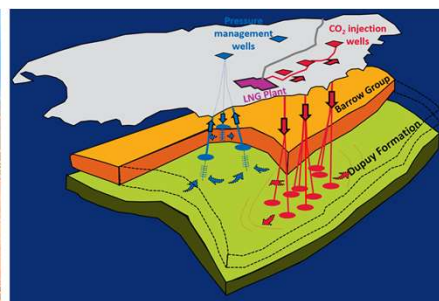
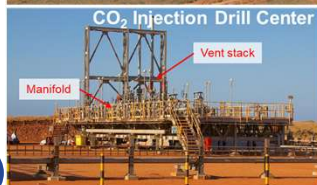
This presentation is meant to be read in conjunction with the related transcripts. All materials are posted on [chevron.com](https://www.chevron.com) under the headings "Investors," "Events & Presentations."







Gorgon CO₂ System Overview



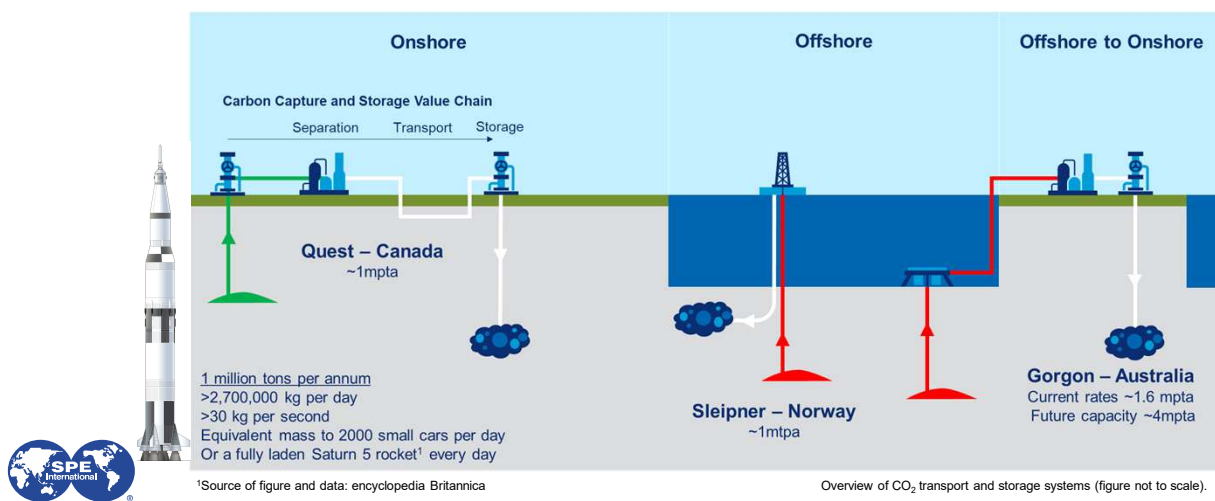
The Gorgon CCS System

CO₂ Injection
Pressure management
Monitoring and surveillance



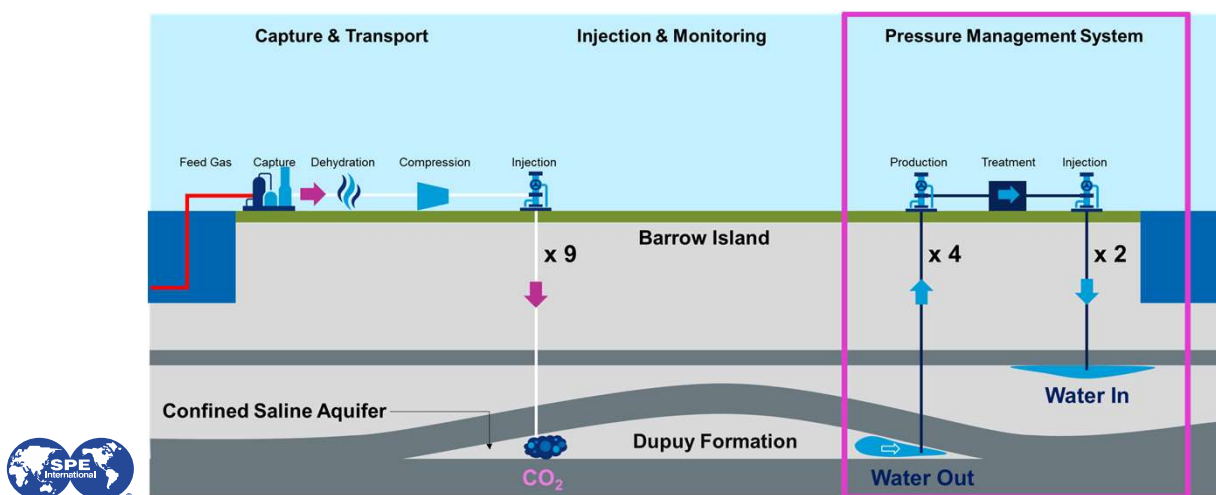
Large-scale sites operational with more in development

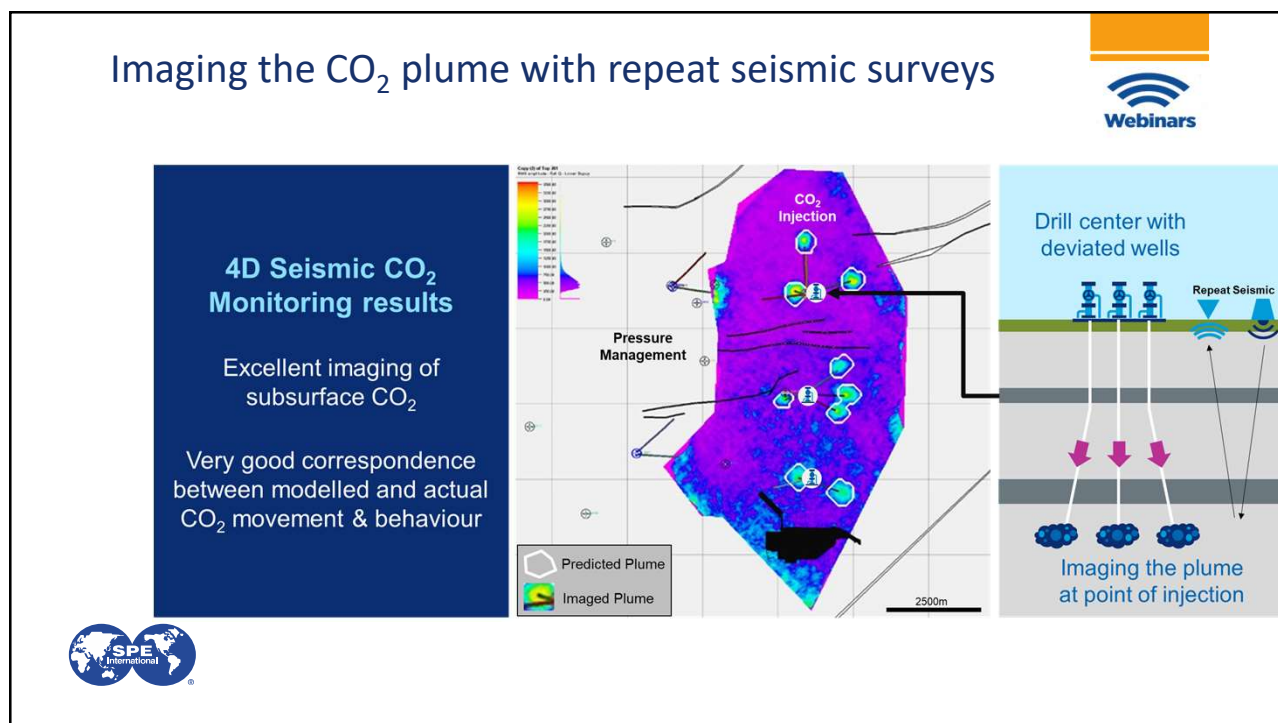
storage sites are unique and will require site specific engineering & geologic solutions



Gorgon CCS system with active pressure management

Water is withdrawn from the Dupuy Fm to manage reservoir pressure





Gorgon CO₂ Project – early system performance



CO₂ Capture System

- Δ Excess water drop-out risk under transient conditions
- + Innovative solution and reliable operation

CO₂ Injection System

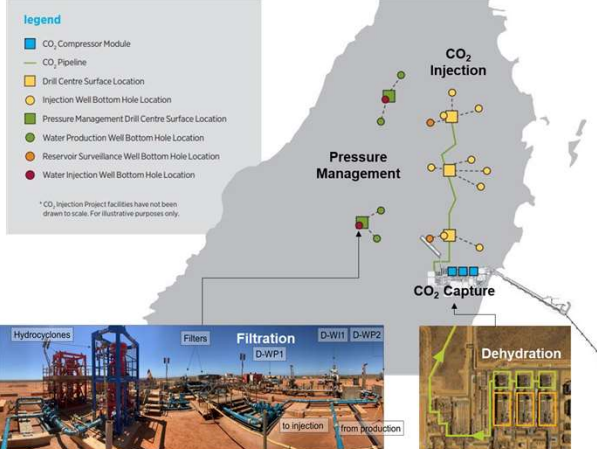
- + 8 million tons of CO₂ injected (May 2023)
- + Injectivity above expectations
- Δ Well intervention efficiency

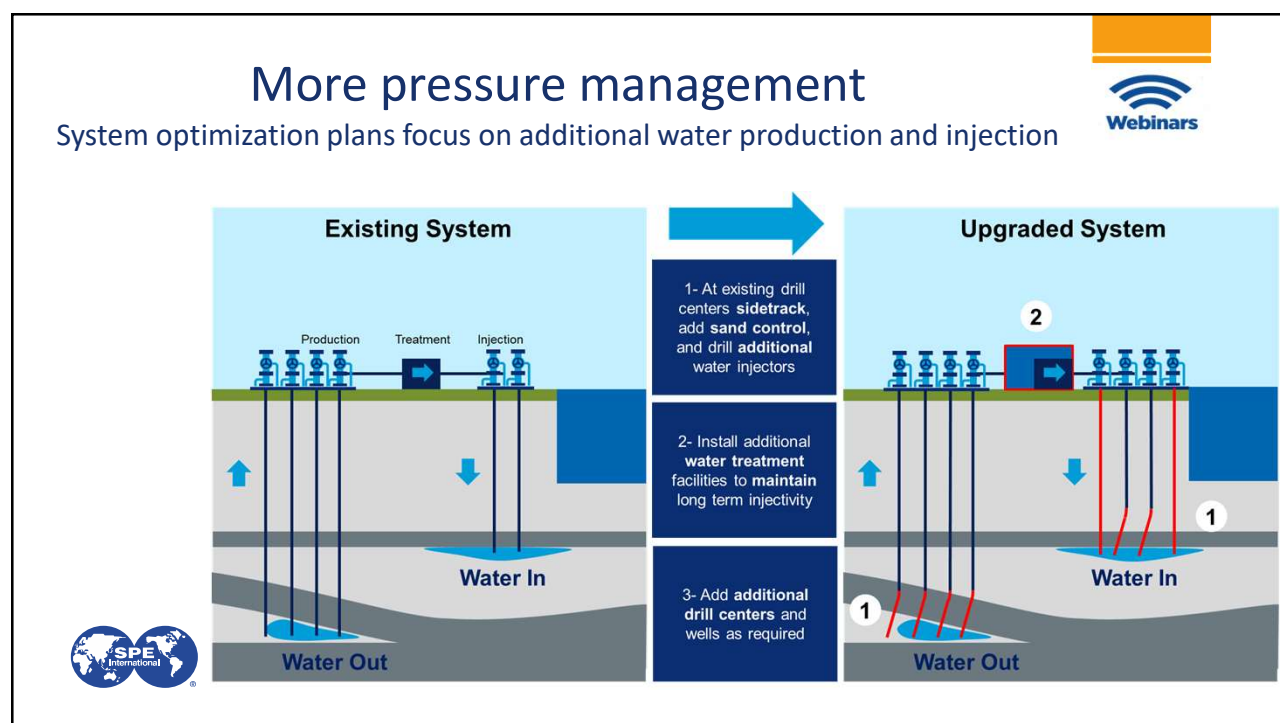
Pressure Management System

- Δ Late start and below expectations
- Δ High side solids & residual hydrocarbons in water
- + Rapid evaluation and remediation (filtration)
- + Demonstrated reservoir connectivity to CO₂ injectors

Subsurface Uncertainty

- + Comprehensive monitoring and verification
- + CO₂ plume behavior as expected
- Δ Low-side connected pore volume





8 million tons of CO_{2e} sequestered to date

Key learnings



Leverage key technological and digital advances - Mechanical Earth Modelling, Monitoring and Verification

Emphasis on high volume **water handling** where required for confined CCS systems

Monitoring and verification is important for containment assurance, system optimization & safe operations

Design for a **wide envelope** of operating conditions (e.g. start up, shut down, maintenance)

Integrate **early performance** data and learnings to optimize system performance



CCUS: key to a new, lower carbon economy

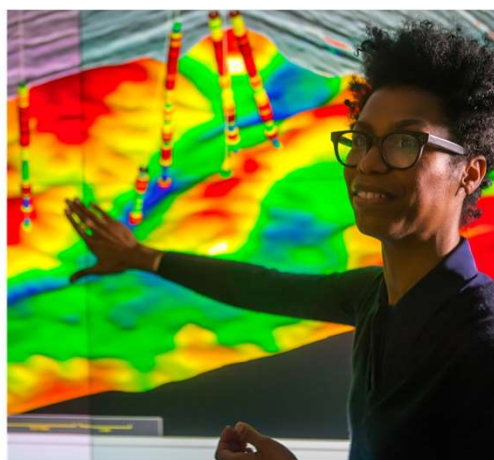


CCUS equipment can potentially be sited at energy-intensive industrial plants **to reduce carbon emissions** (e.g., refineries, chemicals, cement, steel, ethanol plants, power generation)

CCUS has potential to unlock markets for **lower carbon products like hydrogen**

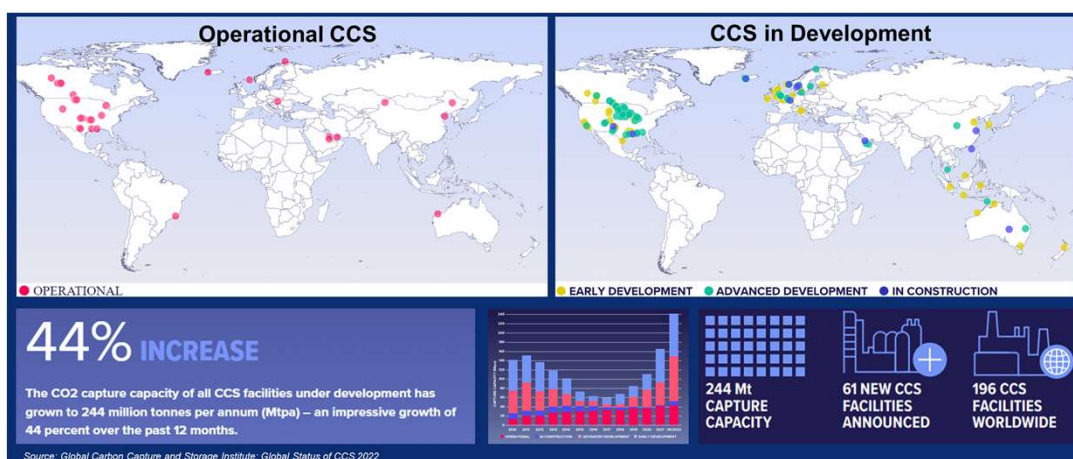
CCUS combined with bioenergy to power or direct air capture can potentially **enable net-negative carbon products**

CCUS at scale could enable new, low carbon industries **creating new jobs leveraging existing skillsets from oil & gas workforce**



Carbon Capture and storage adoption is accelerating

Australia could be a CCS leader - good rocks, skilled people & excellent trading partners





Q&A

